## **NON-PRECEDENTIAL DECISION - SEE SUPERIOR COURT I.O.P. 65.37**

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Appellee

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF PENNSYLVANIA

v.

FRANCIS KELLY

Appellant

No. 1672 WDA 2016

Appeal from the Order Entered October 5, 2016 In the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County Criminal Division at No(s): CP-02-SA-0001777-2016

BEFORE: BOWES, J., LAZARUS, J., and OTT, J.

JUDGMENT ORDER BY LAZARUS, J.:

**FILED JUNE 22, 2017** 

Francis Kelly appeals, *pro se*, from an order,<sup>1</sup> entered in the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County. Kelly was found guilty of the summary offenses of disorderly conduct<sup>2</sup> and public drunkenness and similar misconduct<sup>3</sup> and ordered to pay a \$200.00 fine, plus costs. Because of the deficiencies in Kelly's brief, we are unable to discern what issues he wishes to raise or the arguments he wishes to present to this Court. Accordingly, we dismiss his appeal.

<sup>3</sup> 18 Pa.C.S. § 5505.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Kelly appeals from the "Order of Court" dated October 5, 2016. That order adjudged Kelly guilty and imposed his sentence. Therefore, Kelly is technically appealing from his judgment of sentence.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 18 Pa.C.S. § 5503.

## Pursuant to Pa.R.A.P. 2101:

Briefs and reproduced records shall conform in all material respects with the requirements of these rules as nearly as the circumstances of the particular case will admit, otherwise they may be suppressed, and, if the defects are in the brief or reproduced record of the appellant and are substantial, the appeal or other matter may be quashed or dismissed.

Pa.R.A.P. 2101. We also bring Rule 2111 to Kelly's attention. That rule

provides:

## Rule 2111. Brief of the Appellant

- (a) **General rule.** The brief of the appellant, except as otherwise prescribed by these rules, shall consist of the following matter, separately and distinctly entitled and in the following order:
  - (1) Statement of jurisdiction.
  - (2) Order or other determination in question.
  - (3) Statement of both the scope of review and the standard of review.
  - (4) Statement of the questions involved.
  - (5) Statement of the case.
  - (6) Summary of argument.
  - (7) Argument for appellant.
  - (8) A short conclusion stating the precise relief sought.
  - (9) The opinions and pleadings specified in Subdivisions(b) and (c) of this rule.
  - (10) In the Superior Court, a copy of the statement of the matters complained of on appeal filed with the trial court pursuant to Rule 1925(b), or an averment that no order requiring a Rule 1925(b) statement was entered.
- (b) **Opinions below.** There shall be appended to the brief a copy of any opinions delivered by any court or other government unit below relating to the order or other determination under review, if pertinent to the questions involved.

Pa.R.A.P. 2111.

A review of Kelly's brief evidences almost a complete failure to abide by the Pennsylvania Rules of Appellate Procedure. In fact, his brief consists of a table of contents, a two-page section titled "Body of Arguement [sic]" which contains absolutely no citation to authority or the certified record, and a one-paragraph titled "Opinion" that gives his recitation of the events on the day he was arrested.

We recognize that Kelly is *pro se*, however, as noted in **Commonwealth v. Rivera**, 685 A.2d 1011 (Pa. Super. 1996):

While this court is willing to liberally construe materials filed by a *pro se* litigant, we note that appellant is not entitled to any particular advantage because she lacks legal training. As our supreme court has explained, any layperson choosing to represent [herself] in a legal proceeding must, to some reasonable extent, assume the risk that [her] lack of expertise and legal training will prove [her] undoing.

Id. at 1013 (quoting O'Neill v. Checker Motors Corp., 567 A.2d 680, 682

(Pa. Super. 1989)). The *Rivera* court concluded that "we decline to become the appellant's counsel. When issues are not properly raised and developed in briefs, when the briefs are wholly inadequate to present specific issues for review[,] a Court will not consider the merits thereof." **Id.** (quoting

Commonwealth v. Sanford, 445 A.2d 149, 150 (Pa. Super. 1982)).

Recognizing that Kelly has ignored the Pennsylvania Rules of Appellate Procedure by failing to include most of what the rules require, we conclude that we are unable to conduct a meaningful review. Accordingly, we dismiss the appeal. Pa.R.A.P. 2101.

Appeal dismissed.

J-A18021-17

Judgment Entered.

Delity in Joseph D. Seletyn, Es**d**. Prothonotary

Date: 6/22/2017